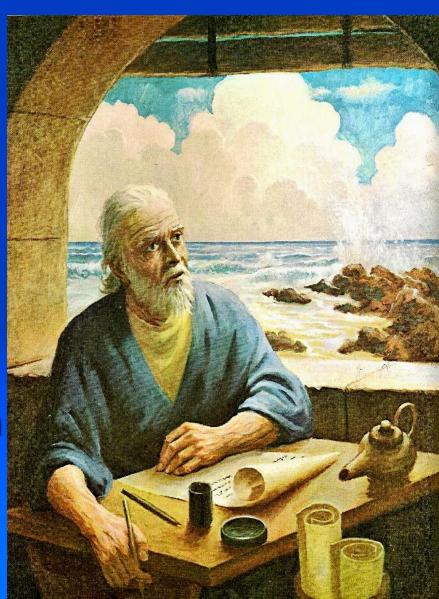
## THE REVELATION PARADOX The Best of Times The Worst of Times



- For John's time? Or far into the future?
- Our approach to studying Revelation:
- > 1) Where did John get his ideas from?
- 2) Why he chose the symbols and language he did?
- > 3) What were his sources?

- Only a first name; no family name is given
- Consensus of Bible scholars is he is John the Apostle
- Irenaeus a disciple of Polycarp; Polycarp a student of John and says John wrote Revelation
- Other early 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> century Church Fathers agree
- Although Paul known as Apostle to the Gentiles, John was also well known to believing Diaspora congregations

#### WHICH JOHN?



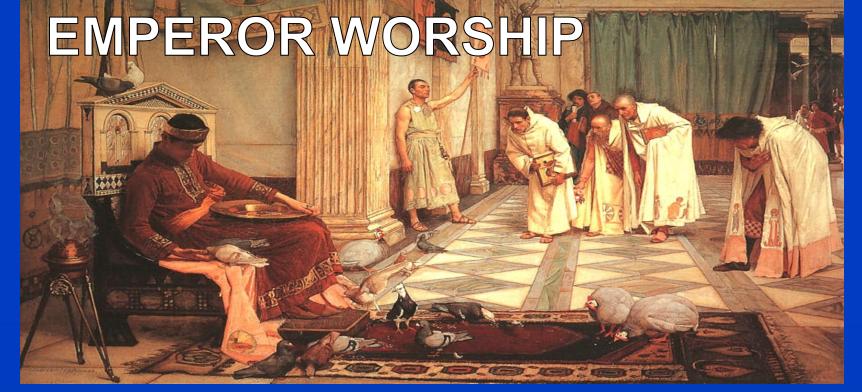


## IMPORTANCE OF "WHEN?"

- 1st century believing congregations were synagogues
- Ekklesia = assembly NOT "church"
- Revelation written before or after Temple destroyed in 70 A.D.?
- Polycarp says
   Revelation written during the reign of Domitian







- Domitian demanded Christians worship him
- Gentiles now controlled the Messianic movement
- Gentile Believers denied they were part of a sect of Judaism, and therefore were NOT Jews
- The exemption that Roman Emperors had given to Jews did not apply to gentile Believers, but it did to Jewish Believers!

### ISLAND OF PATMOS



- After Temple destroyed, the Jews were devastated and afraid
- Jewish writers began disguising writings against Rome by referring to it as "Babylon"
- Therefore, Revelation written around 90 A.D.
- John exiled to Patmos for preaching God's Word and the Gospel
- NO New Testament until 3<sup>rd</sup> century
- New Testament writers ONLY had the Old Testament

#### **4 APPROACHES TO REVELATION**



- Most modern scholars see NO connection to the OT
- Preterist = things happening in the past
- Revelation, then, revolves around the Temple destruction in 70 A.D. so John wrote about 64-65 A.D.
- Babylon refers to Israel, and Israel is the persecutor of "the church"
- God is through with Israel, and has replaced Israel with the gentile church



The Historicist view of Revelation attempts to map the events described in the book to historical events, providing a panorama of the history of the Church from the days of John to the end of time.

- > "The Church" for Historicists is the Western Church
- Signs and Symbols of Revelation then apply ONLY to the Western Church
- Current events seen as prophecy fulfilled
- In WWI many "Historicist" Christians committed suicide, left their communities, stopped having babies



- Futurist view says Revelation is about a time long after John (and still future to us)
- The visions are to be taken literally and chronologically
- The visions and their content will happen in the same order that John received them and recorded them
- Beale says: "In short, (for them) the Bible is interpreted by modern events first....."
- Revelation ONLY relevant to Believers in the actual end time

#### The Idealist View

#### REVELATION

A SYMBOL OF THE BATTLE BETWEEN GOOD AND EVIL
THIS AGE

Those holding this view do not expect any of Revelation's prophecies to ever be fulfilled.



- Entirely symbolic and allegory
- Seals, bowls, and trumpets emblematic of various church ages
- Favored by Higher Critics because it discounts the supernatural and the prophetic
- Each view has something to offer, but none represent the entire truth

# UNDERSTANDING THE BOOK OF REVELATION

- > 1) Revelation is Divine truth
- > 2) It is real and the events are actual
- 3) Revelation does not stand alone; it is fully dependent on the Old Testament
- 4) The miracles and Divine power behind them are real
- > 5) We are receiving Revelation fifth-handed
- God > Christ > Angels > John > Us



- John does not quote the Old Testament; he uses allusions
- > As many as 500 allusions to Torah, Psalms, Prophets
- New Testament depends on the Old Testament
- First scholarly book on the connection between Revelation and the OT not until 1912! The next one not until 1984!

# MALACRI DE JEREMIAN DE LA LACEAT DE LACEAT DE LA LACEAT DE LACEA

- Allusion = meant to call something to mind without expressing it directly
- Chapters and verses didn't exist until the 16th century so a short reference to a section of Scripture was used
- Revelation is largely God showing John how the OT prophecies fit together
- Revelation is the ONLY book of the Bible that promises a blessing for those who read and study it!!